Science 10F Curriculum Outcomes

Topic 1: Reproduction

112 Total Outcomes

- S1-1-01 Illustrate and explain the process of mitotic cell division in plants and animals. Include: chromosomes, mitosis, cytoplasmic division, cell cycle.
- S1-1-02 Observe and explain the dynamic nature of cell division.
- S1-1-03 Describe various types of asexual reproduction that occur in plant and animal species. Examples: fission, budding, sporulation, vegetative propagation, regeneration...
- S1-1-04 Investigate and describe agricultural applications of asexual reproduction. Examples: cloning, cuttings, grafting, bulbs...
- S1-1-05 Illustrate and explain the production of male and female gametes by meiosis in plants and animals.
- S1-1-06 Compare and contrast the function of mitosis to that of meiosis. Include: diploid cells, haploid cells
- S1-1-07 Compare sexual and asexual reproduction in terms of their advantages and disadvantages for plant and animal species.
- S1-1-08 Investigate and explain adaptations of plant and animal species which enhance reproductive success. *Examples: appearance, behaviour, number of gametes or offspring, chemical cues...*
- S1-1-09 Describe the structure and function of the male and female human reproductive systems. *Include: role of hormones.*
- S1-1-10 Outline human development from conception through birth. Include: X and Y chromosomes, zygote, embryo, fetus.
- S1-1-11 Observe, collect, and analyze class data of single trait inheritance. Examples: hand clasping, earlobe attachment, tongue rolling...
- S1-1-12 Differentiate between dominant and recessive traits. Include: genotype and phenotype
- S1-1-13 Describe the relationships among DNA, chromosomes, genes, and the expression of traits. *Include: genetic similarity among all humans.*
- S1-1-14 Explain the inheritance of sex-linked traits in humans and use a pedigree to track the inheritance of a single trait.

Examples: colour-blindness, hemophilia...

- S1-1-15 Investigate and describe environmental factors and personal choices that may lead to a genetic mutation or changes in an organism's development. *Examples: fetal exposure to alcohol, overexposure to sunlight, toxins, hormone mimics, food additives, radiation...*
- S1-1-16 Investigate Canadian and international contributions to research and technological development in the field of genetics and reproduction. Example: Human Genome Project
- S1-1-17 Discuss current and potential applications and implications of biotechnologies including their effects upon personal and public decision making. Include: genetic engineering, cloning, Human Genome Project, DNA fingerprinting.
- S1-1-18 Use the decision-making process to address a current biotechnology issue.

Topic 2: Atoms and Elements

- S1-2-01 Describe how historical ideas and models have furthered our understanding of the nature of matter. *Include:* Greek ideas, alchemy, Lavoisier.
- S1-2-02 Investigate the historical progression of the atomic model. Include: Dalton, Thomson, Rutherford, Bohr, and quantum model.
- S1-2-03 Define element and identify symbols of some common elements. Include: the first 18 elements and K, Ca, Fe, Ni, Cu, Zn, I, Ag, Sn, Au, W, Hg, Pb, U.
- S1-2-04 Explain the atomic structure of an element in terms of the number of protons, electrons, and neutrons and explain how these numbers define atomic number and atomic mass.
- S1-2-05 Assemble or draw Bohr atomic models for the first 18 elements and group them according to the number of outer shell electrons.
- S1-2-06 Investigate the development of the periodic table as a method of organizing elements. *Include:* periods, families (groups).
- S1-2-07 Investigate the characteristic properties of metals, non-metals, and metalloids and classify elements according to these properties. Examples: ductility, conductivity of heat and electricity, lustre, reactivity...
- S1-2-08 Relate the reactivity and stability of different families of elements to their atomic structure. *Include: alkali metals, alkaline earths, chalcogens, halogens, noble gases.*
- S1-2-09 Compare elements to compounds. *Include:* atoms, molecules
- S1-2-10 Interpret chemical formulas of elements and compounds in terms of the number of atoms of each element. *Examples: He*, *H*₂, *O*₂, *H*₂*O*, *CO*₂, *NH*₃...
- S1-2-11 Investigate properties of substances and explain the importance of knowing these properties. *Examples:* usefulness, durability, safety...
- S1-2-12 Differentiate between physical and chemical changes
- S1-2-13 Experiment to determine indicators of chemical change. *Examples:* colour change, production of heat and/or light, production of a gas or precipitate or new substance...
- S1-2-14 Investigate technologies and natural phenomena that demonstrate chemical change in everyday situations. *Examples:* photography, rusting, photosynthesis, combustion, baking...

Topic 3: The Nature of Electricity

- S1-3-01 Demonstrate evidence for the existence of two types of charge.
- S1-3-02 Discuss early models of electricity to support the premise that models in science change. *Include:* one-fluid model, two-fluid model, particle model.
- S1-3-03 Explain how a discrepant event can be used to evaluate the particle model of electricity. *Include:* the attraction of neutral objects to charged objects.
- S1-3-04 Relate the particle model of electricity to atomic structure.
- S1-3-05 Investigate and explain electrostatic phenomena using the particle model of electricity. *Include:* conservation of charge, conduction, grounding, attraction of a neutral insulator, induction.
- S1-3-06 Investigate common electrostatic technologies and phenomena and describe measures which reduce dangers associated with electrostatics.

Examples: photocopying, static straps to reduce charge buildup, lightning, electrostatic spraypainting, electrostatic precipitator...

S1-3-07 Construct one or more electrostatic apparatus and explain how they function using the particle model of electricity.

Include: pieplate electrophorus.

- S1-3-08 Demonstrate and explain the like nature of electrostatics and current electricity. *Include:* discharge an electrophorus through a neon bulb.
- S1-3-09 Define electric current as charge per unit time and solve related problems. **Include:** I = $\frac{Q}{L}$.
- S1-3-10 Define voltage (electric potential difference) as the energy per unit charge between two points along a conductor and solve related problems.

Include: $V = \frac{E}{Q}$

- S1-3-11 Identify the five sources of electrical energy and some associated technologies. *Include:* chemical, photo, thermo, electromagnetic, piezo.
- S1-3-12 Describe resistance in terms of the particle model of electricity.
- S1-3-13 Construct electric circuits using schematic diagrams. *Include:* series, parallel.
- S1-3-14 Use appropriate instruments and units to measure voltage (electric potential difference), current, and resistance.
- S1-3-15 Compare and contrast voltage (electric potential difference) and current in series and parallel circuits. *Include: cells, resistance.*
- S1-3-16 Investigate and describe qualitatively the relationship among current, voltage (electric potential difference), and resistance in a simple electric circuit.
- S1-3-17 Relate the energy dissipated in a circuit to the resistance, current, and brightness of bulbs.
- S1-3-18 Explain the parallel circuits, the components, and the safety aspects of household wiring. *Include: switches, fuses, circuit breakers, outlets.*
- S1-3-19 Explain safety considerations of some common household appliances. *Examples: kettle, heater, toaster...*

- S1-3-20 Define electrical power as energy per unit time, and solve related problems. **Include:** $P = \frac{E}{t}$ domestic power consumption costs, and solve related problems.
- S1-3-21 Develop a formula for domestic power consumption costs, and solve related problems. $Include: Cost = \frac{Power \times time \times unit pric e}{kWh}$
- S1-3-22 Analyze the electrical energy consumption of a household appliance. Include: calculate consumption using Energuide labels, read hydro meter, interpret monthly hydro bill.
- S1-3-23 Recognize and explain the importance of incorporating principles of electrical energy conservation into the decision making process.
- S1-3-24 Use the decision-making process to address an issue associated with the generation and transmission of electricity in Manitoba. *Include: hydroelectric power, Sustainability*

Topic 4: Exploring the Universe

- S1-4-01 Use a coordinate system to locate visible celestial objects, and construct an astrolabe to determine the position of these objects.
 - Include: altitude, azimuth.
- S1-4-02 Observe the motion of visible celestial objects and organize collected data. **Examples:** graph sunrise and sunset data, track the position of the Moon and planets over time, maintain a log of changes in the night sky...
- S1-4-03 Investigate how various cultures used knowledge of the position and motion of visible celestial objects for navigation.

Example: Aboriginal ceremonies linked to seasonal star positions...

- S1-4-04 Compare and contrast historical perspectives on the relationship between Earth and space. *Include:* geocentric model, heliocentric model.
- S1-4-05 Explain the apparent motion of the Sun, stars, planets, and the Moon as seen from Earth. *Include: daily rising and setting, seasonal constellations, retrograde motion.*
- S1-4-06 Differentiate between units of measure used for astronomical distances, and perform simple calculations using these units. *Include: astronomical unit. light-year.*
- S1-4-07 Compare and contrast scientific and cultural perspectives on the origin and evolution of the universe.
- S1-4-08 Differentiate between the major components of the universe. Include: planets, moons, comets and asteroids, nebulae, stars, galaxies, black holes.
- S1-4-09 Explain how various technologies have extended our ability to explore and understand space. **Examples:** robotics, Canadarm, Hubble telescope, Lunar Rover, shuttle, space station, Sojourner Rover, Pathfinder, and Galileo space probes...
- S1-4-10 Investigate ways in which Canada participates in space research and in international space programs, and then use the decision-making process to address a related issue. **Examples:** International Space Station, Canadarm...
- S1-4-11 Evaluate the impact of space science and technologies in terms of their benefits and risks to humans. Examples: search for extraterrestrial life and habitat, remote sensing, predictions of potentially catastrophic impacts, colonization of space by only a few countries...

Skills and Attitudes

given tasks.

Initiating	
S1-0-1a	Propose questions that could be tested experimentally
S1-0-1b	Select and justify various methods for finding the answers to specific questions
S1-0-1c	Identify STSE issues which could be addressed
S1-0-1d	Identify stakeholders and initiate research related to and STSE issue
Researchi S1-0-2a	ng Select and integrate information obtained from a variety of sources Include: print and electronic sources, specialists, and other resource people.
S1-0-2b	Evaluate the reliability, bias, and usefulness of information.
S1-0-2c	Summarize and record information in a variety of forms Include: paraphrasing, quoting relevant facts and opinions, proper referencing of sources.
S1-0-2d	Review effects of past decisions and various perspectives related to an STSE issue. Examples: governments', public environmentalists', and First Nations positions on hydroelectric development; religious, social and medical views of genetic screening
Planning S1-0-3a	State a testable hypothesis or prediction based on background data or on observed events
S1-0-3b	Identify probable mathematical relationships between variables. Examples: relationship between current and resistance
S1-0-3c	Plan an investigation to answer a specific scientific question. <i>Include:</i> materials, variables, controls, methods, safety considerations.
S1-0-3d	Summarize relevant data and consolidate existing arguments and positions related to an STSE issue.
S1-0-3e	Determine criteria for the evaluation of an STSE decision. Examples: scientific merit; technological feasibility; social, cultural, economic, and political factors; safety; cost; sustainability
S1-0-3f	Formulate and develop options which could lead to and STSE decision.
Implement S1-0-4a	ing a Plan Carry out procedures that comprise a fair test. Include: controlling variables, repeating experiments to increase accuracy and reliability of results.
S1-0-4b	Demonstrate work habits that ensure personal safety, the safety of others, as well as consideration for the environment. Include: knowledge and use of relevant safety precautions, WHMIS regulations, emergency equipment.
S1-0-4c	Interpret relevant WHMIS regulations. Include: symbols, labels, Material Safety Data Sheet(s) (MSDS).
S1-0-4d	Use various methods for anticipating the impacts of different options. <i>Examples:</i> test run, partial implementation, simulation, debate
S1-0-4e	Work cooperatively with group members to carry out a plan, and troubleshoot problems as they arise.
S1-0-4f	Assume the responsibilities of various roles within a group and evaluate which roles are most appropriate for

Observing, Measuring, Recording

- S1-0-5a Select and use appropriate methods and tools for collecting data or information.
- S1-0-5b Estimate and measure accurately using Système International (SI) and other standard units. *Include:* SI conversion.
- S1-0-5c Record, organize, and display data using an appropriate format. *Include: labeled diagrams, graphs, information technology.*
- S1-0-5d Evaluate, using predetermined criteria, different STSE options leading to a possible decision. **Include:** scientific merit; technological feasibility; social, cultural, economic, and political factors; safety; cost; sustainability.

Analyzing and Interpreting

- S1-0-6a Interpret patterns and trends in data, and infer and explain relationships.
- S1-0-6b Identify and suggest explanations for discrepancies in data. *Examples:* sources of error...
- S1-0-6c Evaluate the original plan for an investigation and suggest improvements. *Examples:* identify strengths and weaknesses of data collection methods used...
- S1-0-6d Adjust STSE options as required once their potential effects become evident.

Concluding and Applying

- S1-0-7a Draw a conclusion that explains the results of an investigation. **Include:** cause and effect relationships, alternative explanations, supporting or rejecting the hypothesis or prediction.
- S1-0-7b Select the best option and determine a course of action to implement and STSE decision.
- S1-0-7c Implement an STSE decision and evaluate its effects.
- S1-0-7d Reflect on the process used to arrive at or to implement an STSE decision, and suggest improvements.
- S1-0-7e Reflect on prior knowledge and experiences to develop new understanding.

Reflecting on Science and Technology

- S1-0-8a Distinguish between science and technology. *Include: purpose, procedures, products.*
- S1-0-8b Explain the importance of using precise language in science and technology.
- S1-0-8c Describe examples of how scientific knowledge has evolved in light of new evidence, and the role of technology in this evolution.
- S1-0-8d Describe examples of how technologies have evolved in response to changing needs and scientific advances.
- S1-0-8e Discuss how peoples of various cultures have contributed to the development of science and technology.
- S1-0-8f Relate personal activities and possible career choices to specific science disciplines.
- S1-0-8g Discuss social and environmental effects of past scientific and technological endeavous.

Demonstrating Scientific and Technological Attitudes and Habits of Mind

- S1-0-9a Appreciate and respect that science and technology have evolved from different views held by women and men from a variety of societies and cultural backgrounds.
- S1-0-9b Express interest in a broad scope of science- and technology-related fields and issues.
- S1-0-9c Demonstrate confidence in their ability to carry out investigations in science and to address STSE issues.
- S1-0-9d Value skepticism, honesty, accuracy, precision, perseverance, and open-mindedness as scientific and technological habits of mind.
- S1-0-9f Demonstrate personal involvement and be proactive with respect to STSE issues.